

# Iberoamerican 2022/5

Evan Chen

TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 104

## Problem

Let  $ABC$  be an acute triangle with circumcircle  $\Gamma$ . Let  $P$  and  $Q$  be points in the half plane defined by  $BC$  containing  $A$ , such that  $BP$  and  $CQ$  are tangents to  $\Gamma$  and  $PB = BC = CQ$ . Let  $K$  and  $L$  be points on the external bisector of  $\angle CAB$ , such that  $BK = BA$ ,  $CL = CA$ . Let  $M$  be the intersection point of the lines  $PK$  and  $QL$ . Prove that  $MK = ML$ .

## Video

<https://youtu.be/dhCir0TYqIg>

## External Link

<https://aops.com/community/p26232444>

### Solution

Let  $Y$  be the arc midpoint of arc  $BAC$ .

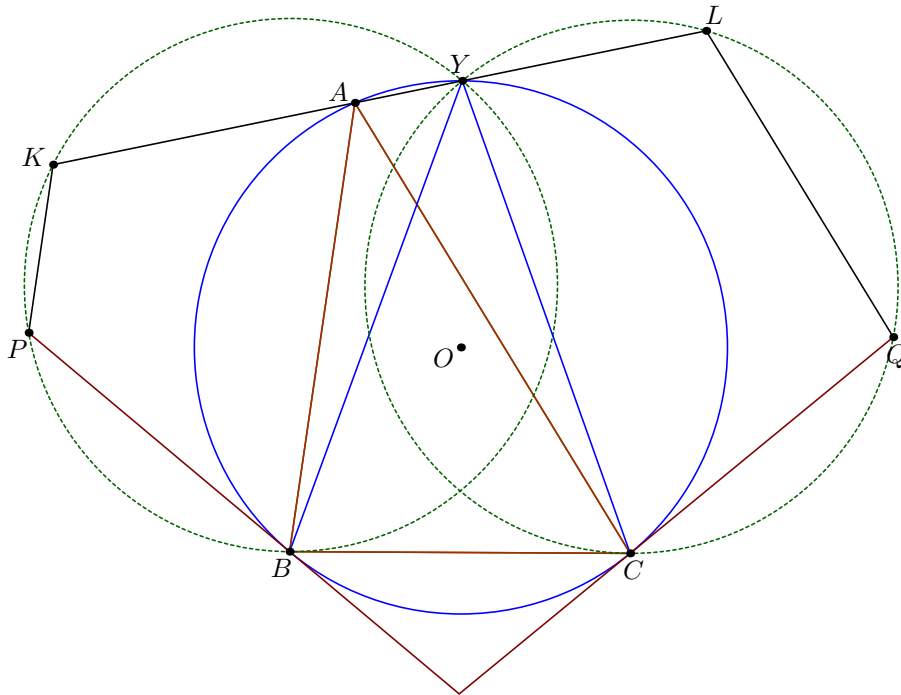
**Claim.**  $P$  is reflection of  $C$  across line  $YB$ .

*Proof.* It's easy to check  $\overline{BY}$  bisects  $\angle PBC$ . □

**Claim.**  $PKBY$  is cyclic.

*Proof.*  $\angle BPY = \angle YCB = \angle YAB = \angle KAB = \angle BKA = \angle BKY$ . □

Now  $\angle PKY = \angle PBY = \angle YCQ = \angle YLQ$  so  $\triangle MKL$  has isosceles base angles.



Now  $\angle PKY = \angle PBY = \angle YCQ = \angle YLQ$  so  $\triangle MKL$  has isosceles base angles.

**Remark.** Conjectures to prove  $(APQ)$  is tangent to  $\overline{KL}$  and  $M$  lies on the  $A$ -symmedian.