

Fary theorem

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TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 64

Problem

Prove that every simple planar graph can be drawn with straight line segments as edges.

Solution

We'll only prove it for maximal planar graphs with three or more vertices: that is, graphs for which drawing any extra edge breaks planarity.

Claim. In a maximal planar graph, every edge is part of a cycle and every face is a triangle.

Proof. For the first part, There are no leaves, so every vertex has degree at least 2, hence part of a cycle. For the second part, note if there was a face with four or more edges, one can draw a chord. \square

We prove by induction the following claim:

Claim. Every maximal planar graph G whose unbounded face is a triangle can be drawn with only straight line segments, in such a way that the faces and points inside them remain the same as in the original graph.

Proof. By induction. If G is a triangle, we are done.

Otherwise, using the bound $E \leq 3n - 6$, there is a vertex v of degree at most 5 other than the vertices in the unbounded face. Mold $G - v$ with straight line segments. By art gallery problem, v can be connected to the vertices in the face containing v , as desired. \square

Since any planar graph can be redrawn such that a triangle is the unbounded face, this implies the result.