

# Shortlist 1998 N8

Evan Chen

TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 59

## Problem

Let  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots$  be an increasing sequence of nonnegative integers such that every nonnegative integer can be expressed uniquely in the form  $a_i + 2a_j + 4a_k$ , where  $i, j$  and  $k$  are not necessarily distinct. Determine  $a_{1998}$ .

## Video

<https://youtu.be/46z5jJ-rauc>

## External Link

<https://aops.com/community/p124444>

## Solution

It is clear by induction there is at most one sequence, since at any point  $a_i$  must be equal to the smallest integer not expressible using  $a_0$  through  $a_{i-1}$ .

On the other hand, one can give an example of a sequence: take  $\{a_i\}$  as a set to be the numbers that have only the digits 0 and 1 in their octal (base-8) representation.

Since

$$1998 = 2048 - 50 = 1984 + 14 = 11111001110_2,$$

it follows the answer is  $11111001110_8 = 1,227,096,648$ .