# USA TST 2021/1 

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## Twitch Solves ISL

Episode 56

## Problem

Determine all integers $s \geq 4$ for which there exist positive integers $a, b, c, d$ such that $s=a+b+c+d$ and $s$ divides $a b c+a b d+a c d+b c d$.

## Video

https://youtu.be/J3c0wLGB2ZY

## External Link

https://aops.com/community/p20672573

## Solution

The answer is $s$ composite.
Composite construction. Write $s=(w+x)(y+z)$, where $w, x, y, z$ are positive integers. Let $a=w y, b=w z, c=x y, d=x z$. Then

$$
a b c+a b d+a c d+b c d=w x y z(w+x)(y+z)
$$

so this works.
Prime proof. Choose suitable $a, b, c, d$. Then

$$
(a+b)(a+c)(a+d)=(a b c+a b d+a c d+b c d)+a^{2}(a+b+c+d) \equiv 0 \quad(\bmod s) .
$$

Hence $s$ divides a product of positive integers less than $s$, so $s$ is composite.
Remark. Here is another proof that $s$ is composite.
Suppose that $s$ is prime. Then the polynomial $(x-a)(x-b)(x-c)(x-d) \in \mathbb{F}_{s}[x]$ is even, so the roots come in two opposite pairs in $\mathbb{F}_{s}$. Thus the sum of each pair is at least $s$, so the sum of all four is at least $2 s>s$, contradiction.

