# AMC 12A 2021/24 Evan Chen

TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 52

#### Problem

Semicircle  $\Gamma$  has diameter  $\overline{AB}$  of length 14. Circle  $\Omega$  lies tangent to  $\overline{AB}$  at a point P and intersects  $\Gamma$  at points Q and R. If  $QR = 3\sqrt{3}$  and  $\angle QPR = 60^{\circ}$ , find the area of  $\triangle PQR$ .

### Video

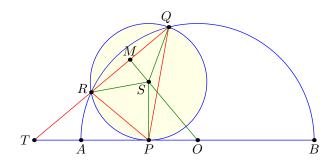
https://youtu.be/0-fh010\_Zao

## **External Link**

https://aops.com/community/p23613274

#### Solution

Let S be the center of  $\Omega$ , O the center of  $\Gamma$ , and  $T = \overline{QR} \cap \overline{APOB}$ . Let  $M = \overline{OS} \cap \overline{QR}$  be the midpoint of  $\overline{QR}$ .



Since  $QR = 3\sqrt{3}$  and  $\angle QSR = 2\angle QPR = 120^{\circ}$ , it follows that SP = SQ = SR = 3. Also,  $SM = SQ \sin \angle QSM = 3 \sin 60^{\circ} = \frac{3}{2}$ . Therefore,

$$\begin{split} OS &= OM - SM = \sqrt{OR^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}QR\right)^2} - SM \\ &= \sqrt{7^2 - \frac{27}{4}} - \frac{3}{2} = 5. \end{split}$$

So  $\triangle OSP$  is a 3-4-5 triangle.

Now,  $\triangle OTM \sim \triangle OSP$ , so one can compute

$$TO = \frac{5}{4} \cdot OM = \frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{13}{2} = \frac{65}{8}$$
$$TP = TO - PO = \frac{65}{8} - 4 = \frac{33}{8}.$$

So the height from P to  $\overline{TM}$  equals

$$OM \cdot \frac{TP}{TO} = \frac{13}{2} \cdot \frac{33/8}{65/8} = \frac{33}{10}.$$

Finally,  $[PQR] = \frac{1}{2}QR \cdot \frac{33}{10} = \frac{99\sqrt{3}}{20}$ .