

USEMO 2020/5

Evan Chen

TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 35

Problem

The sides of a convex 200-gon $A_1A_2 \dots A_{200}$ are colored red and blue in an alternating fashion. Suppose the extensions of the red sides determine a regular 100-gon, as do the extensions of the blue sides.

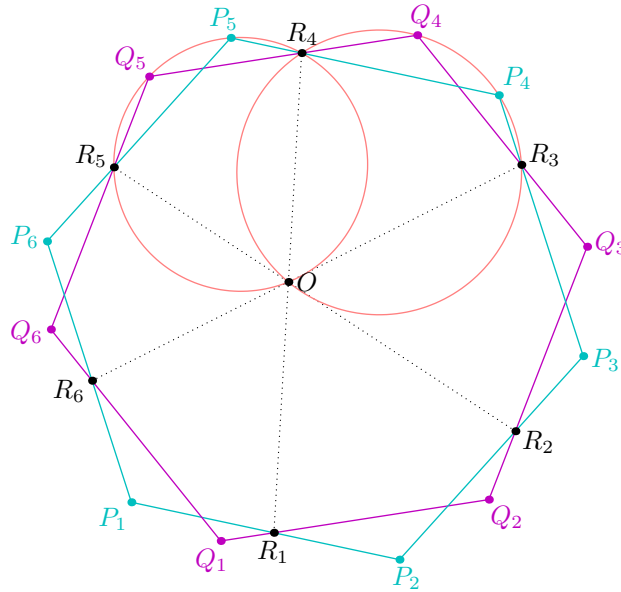
Prove that the 50 diagonals $\overline{A_1A_{101}}, \overline{A_3A_{103}}, \dots, \overline{A_{99}A_{199}}$ are concurrent.

Video

<https://youtu.be/uj93tNL8f7M>

Solution

We present a diagram (with 100 replaced by 6, for simplicity).



Let $P_1 \cdots P_{100}$ and $Q_1 \cdots Q_{100}$ be the regular 100-gons (oriented counterclockwise), and define $R_i = \overline{P_i P_{i+1}} \cap \overline{Q_i Q_{i+1}}$ for all i , where all indices are taken modulo 100. We wish to show that $\overline{R_1 R_{51}}, \dots, \overline{R_{50} R_{100}}$ are concurrent.

Let O be the spiral center taking $P_1 \cdots P_{100} \rightarrow Q_1 \cdots Q_{100}$ (it exists since the 100-gons are not homothetic). We claim that O is the desired concurrency point.

Claim. $\angle R_i O R_{i+1} = \frac{\pi}{50}$ for all i .

Proof. Since $\triangle O P_i P_{i+1} \stackrel{\pm}{\sim} \triangle O Q_i Q_{i+1}$, we have $\triangle O P_i Q_i \stackrel{\pm}{\sim} \triangle O P_{i+1} Q_{i+1}$, so O, R_i, P_{i+1}, Q_{i+1} are concyclic. Similarly $O, R_{i+1}, P_{i+1}, Q_{i+1}$ are concyclic, so

$$\angle R_i O R_{i+1} = \angle R_i P_{i+1} R_{i+1} = \frac{\pi}{50}$$

as wanted. □

It immediately follows that O lies on all 50 diagonals $\overline{R_i R_{i+50}}$, as desired.