# China TST 2019/4/1

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TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 29

#### **Problem**

Let ABCD be a cyclic quadrilateral inscribed in a circle with center O. Points M and N are the midpoints of  $\overline{BC}$  and  $\overline{CD}$ , and points E and F lie on AB and AD respectively such that EF passes through O and EO = OF. Lines EN meet FM at P. Let S denote the circumcenter of  $\triangle PEF$ . Line PO intersects AD and BA at Q and R respectively. Suppose OSPC is a parallelogram. Prove that AQ = AR.

## Video

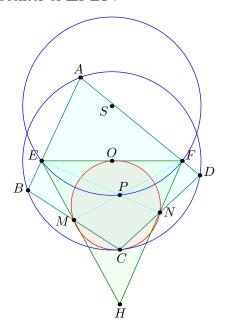
https://youtu.be/OxeeSsdEgwI

## **External Link**

https://aops.com/community/p12139797

#### Solution

We let H denote the orthocenter of  $\triangle PEF$ .



Let  $\omega$  denote the circle with diameter  $\overline{OC}$ , passing through M and N.

**Claim.** The circle  $\omega$  is the nine-point circle of  $\triangle PEF$  (or  $\triangle HEF$  if you prefer).

*Proof.* We observe a few facts:

- Clearly  $\omega$  has radius half that of (O). Since SP = OC, the circles (S) and (S) are congruent, hence the radius of  $\omega$  is half that of (PEF) too.
- Point O is the midpoint of  $\overline{EF}$ ,
- The antipode of O namely C is known to lie on the P-altitude (because  $\overline{SO} \perp \overline{CP}$  and  $\overline{SO} \parallel \overline{EF}$ ).

Claim.  $\overline{AC}$  bisects  $\angle BAD$ .

*Proof.* We have 
$$OM = ON$$
, so  $BC = CD$ .

**Claim.** We have  $\overline{CA} \parallel \overline{OP}$ .

*Proof.* From ABCD is cyclic, we can compute

$$\angle EAF = \angle BAD = \angle BCD = \angle MCN = \angle MON = 2 \angle FHE$$

so A lies on the circle through E, F, and the circumcenter of  $\triangle HEF$ . Denote this circumcenter by W. As WE = WF, so this implies  $\overline{AW}$  bisects  $\angle EAF$ , and hence AWC are collinear. Since OWCP is a parallelogram, this completes the proof.

This completes the solution.