# Shortlist 2004 A2

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# TWITCH SOLVES ISL

Episode 7

# **Problem**

Let  $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots$  be an infinite sequence of real numbers satisfying the equation

$$a_n = |a_{n+1} - a_{n+2}|$$

for all  $n \ge 0$ , where  $a_0$  and  $a_1$  are two different positive reals. Can this sequence  $a_0$ ,  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ , ... be bounded?

# Video

https://youtu.be/ESnvvXnOB6Q

#### **Solution**

Answer: the sequence cannot be bounded.

By induction one may verify easily that:

- all terms of the sequence are positive;
- no two adjacent terms are equal;

Call an index n nice if  $a_n < a_{n+1}$ .

**Claim.** If n is not nice, then n+1 must be.

*Proof.* If 
$$a_n > a_{n+1}$$
 then  $a_{n+2} = a_n + a_{n+1} > a_{n+1}$ .

If n is a nice index, then we define  $\psi(n) = (a_n, a_{n+1} - a_n)$ , a pair of two positive real numbers. Equivalently, by  $\psi(n) = (x, y)$  we mean that  $a_n = x$  and  $a_{n+1} = x + y$ .

**Claim.** If n is nice and  $\psi(n) = (x, y)$  then either

- n+1 is nice and  $\psi(n)=(x+y,x)$ ; or
- n+2 is nice and  $\psi(n)=(y,x+y)$ .

*Proof.* This follows by computation. Let  $a_n = x$  and  $a_{n+1} = x + y$ . Then  $a_{n+2} = a_{n+1} \pm a_n$ .

- If the sign is +, we get  $a_{n+2} = 2x + y = (x + y) + x$ .
- If the sign is -, we get  $a_{n+2} = y$ , and then  $a_{n+3} = (x+y) + y$ .

Thus the sequence of  $\psi$ -pairs obviously grows without bound starting from the first nice index.