## Mock IMO Day 1

## MOP 2025

June 14, 2025

Time limit: 4.5 hours. We hope you're looking forward to your first free day tomorrow!

1. Let n be a positive integer. Find the minimum possible value of

$$S = 2^{0}x_{0}^{2} + 2^{1}x_{1}^{2} + \dots + 2^{n}x_{n}^{2},$$

where  $x_0, ..., x_n$  are nonnegative integers such that  $x_0 + \cdots + x_n = n$ .

2. Let ABCD be a quadrilateral with AB parallel to CD and AB < CD. Lines AD and BC intersect at a point P. Point X distinct from C lies on the circumcircle of triangle ABC such that PC = PX. Point Y distinct from D lies on the circumcircle of triangle ABD such that PD = PY. Lines AX and BY intersect at Q.

Prove that PQ is parallel to AB.

3. Let n be a positive integer. We say that a polynomial P with integer coefficients is n-good if there exists a polynomial Q of degree 2 with integer coefficients such that Q(k)(P(k) + Q(k)) is never divisible by n for any integer k.

Determine all integers n such that every polynomial with integer coefficients is n-good.

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All problems confidential until after IMO, July, 2025.

The individual problems belong to respective authors and organizations, revealed later.

## Mock IMO Day 2

## MOP 2025

June 21, 2025

Time limit: 4.5 hours. Did you know MOP is half over?

- 4. Determine all finite, nonempty sets S of positive integers such that for every  $a, b \in S$  there exists  $c \in S$  with  $a \mid b + 2c$ .
- 5. Let N be a positive integer. Geoff and Ceri play a game in which they start by writing the numbers 1, 2, ..., N on a board. They then take turns to make a move, starting with Geoff. Each move consists of choosing a pair of integers (k, n), where  $k \geq 0$  and n is one of the integers on the board, and then erasing every integer s on the board such that  $2^k \mid n s$ . The game continues until the board is empty. The player who erases the last integer on the board loses.

Determine all values of N for which Geoff can ensure that he wins, no matter how Ceri plays.

6. Let  $a_0 < a_1 < a_2 < \cdots$  be an infinite strictly increasing sequence of positive integers such that for each  $n \ge 1$ ,  $a_n$  is either  $\frac{a_{n-1} + a_{n+1}}{2}$  or  $\sqrt{a_{n-1}a_{n+1}}$ .

Define  $b_n = A$  if  $a_n = \frac{a_{n-1} + a_{n+1}}{2}$  and  $b_n = G$  otherwise. Prove that  $b_n$  is eventually periodic.