

Team Selection Test for the 57th International Mathematical Olympiad

United States of America

Day I

Thursday, December 10, 2015

Time limit: 4.5 hours. Each problem is worth 7 points.

IMO TST 1. Let $S = \{1, \dots, n\}$. Given a bijection $f : S \rightarrow S$ an *orbit* of f is a set of the form $\{x, f(x), f(f(x)), \dots\}$ for some $x \in S$. We denote by $c(f)$ the number of distinct orbits of f . For example, if $n = 3$ and $f(1) = 2, f(2) = 1, f(3) = 3$, the two orbits are $\{1, 2\}$ and $\{3\}$, hence $c(f) = 2$.

Given k bijections f_1, \dots, f_k from S to itself, prove that

$$c(f_1) + \dots + c(f_k) \leq n(k - 1) + c(f)$$

where $f : S \rightarrow S$ is the composed function $f_1 \circ \dots \circ f_k$.

IMO TST 2. Let ABC be a scalene triangle with circumcircle Ω , and suppose the incircle of ABC touches BC at D . The angle bisector of $\angle A$ meets BC and Ω at K and M . The circumcircle of $\triangle DKM$ intersects the A -excircle at S_1, S_2 , and Ω at $T \neq M$. Prove that line AT passes through either S_1 or S_2 .

IMO TST 3. Let p be a prime number. Let \mathbb{F}_p denote the integers modulo p , and let $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$ be the set of polynomials with coefficients in \mathbb{F}_p . Define $\Psi : \mathbb{F}_p[x] \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_p[x]$ by

$$\Psi \left(\sum_{i=0}^n a_i x^i \right) = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i x^{p^i}.$$

Prove that for nonzero polynomials $F, G \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$,

$$\Psi(\gcd(F, G)) = \gcd(\Psi(F), \Psi(G)).$$

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Day II

Thursday, January 21, 2016

Time limit: 4.5 hours. Each problem is worth 7 points.

IMO TST 4. Let $\sqrt{3} = 1.b_1b_2b_3\dots_{(2)}$ be the binary representation of $\sqrt{3}$. Prove that for any positive integer n , at least one of the digits $b_n, b_{n+1}, \dots, b_{2n}$ equals 1.

IMO TST 5. Let $n \geq 4$ be an integer. Find all functions $W: \{1, \dots, n\}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that for every partition $[n] = A \cup B \cup C$ into disjoint sets,

$$\sum_{a \in A} \sum_{b \in B} \sum_{c \in C} W(a, b)W(b, c) = |A||B||C|.$$

IMO TST 6. Let ABC be an acute scalene triangle and let P be a point in its interior. Let A_1, B_1, C_1 be projections of P onto triangle sides BC, CA, AB , respectively. Find the locus of points P such that AA_1, BB_1, CC_1 are concurrent and $\angle PAB + \angle PBC + \angle PCA = 90$.